

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

	X	
In re:	:	Chapter 11
	:	Case No. 17-12082 (KJC)
APPVION, INC., <i>et al.</i> , ¹	:	(Jointly Administered)
Debtors.	:	Related D.I.: 296 & 337
	X	

**NOTICE OF DEADLINE FOR FILING PROOFS OF CLAIM, INCLUDING
SECTION 503(B)(9) CLAIMS**

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on October 1, 2017 (the “Petition Date”), Appvion, Inc. and its affiliated debtors (collectively, the “Debtors”) filed voluntary petitions for relief under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”).

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that on November 30, 2017, the Debtors filed the *Motion of the Debtors for an Order (I) Establishing Deadlines for Filing Proofs of Claim, Section 503(b)(9) Claims and (II) Approving the Form and Manner of Notice Thereof* [D.I. 296].

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, on December 19, 2017, the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “Bankruptcy Court”), having jurisdiction over the Debtors’ chapter 11 cases, entered an order (the “Bar Date Order”) establishing:

- a. **General Bar Date: February 14, 2018, at 5:00 p.m. (EST)** as the “General Bar Date” and deadline for all persons or entities, other than Governmental Units (as defined in section 101(27) of the Bankruptcy Code), to file proofs of claim (each, a “Proof of Claim”) based on claims against any Debtor that arose prior to the Petition Date, including claims for the value of goods sold to any Debtor in the ordinary course of business and received by such Debtor within twenty (20) days before the Petition Date (each, a “503(b)(9) Claim”);
- b. **Governmental Bar Date: March 30, 2018, at 5:00 p.m. (EST)** as the “Governmental Bar Date” and deadline for all Governmental Units to file Proofs of

¹ The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are: Appvion, Inc. (6469), Paperweight Development Corp. (4992), PDC Capital Corporation (1197), Appvion Receivables Funding I LLC (9218), and APVN Holdings LLC (8543). The corporate headquarters and the mailing address for the Debtors listed above is 825 East Wisconsin Avenue, P.O. Box 359, Appleton, Wisconsin 54912.

Claim against the Debtors based on claims against any Debtor that arose prior to the Petition Date.

You should consult an attorney if you have any questions, including whether to file a Proof of Claim. If you have any questions with respect to this notice, you may contact the Debtors' claims agent, Prime Clerk LLC ("Prime Clerk") at (866) 315-0467.

1. WHO MUST FILE A PROOF OF CLAIM

You **MUST** file a Proof of Claim if you have a claim that arose prior to the Petition Date, and it is not a claim described in Section 2 below. Acts or omissions of the Debtors that arose prior to the Petition Date may give rise to claims against the Debtors that must be filed by the applicable Bar Dates, notwithstanding that such claims may not have matured or become fixed or liquidated as of the Petition Date.

Under section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code and as used herein, the word "claim" means: (a) a right to payment, whether or not such right is reduced to judgment, liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, legal, equitable, secured, or unsecured; or (b) a right to an equitable remedy for breach of performance if such breach gives rise to a right to payment, whether or not such right to an equitable remedy is reduced to judgment, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, secured, or unsecured.

2. WHO NEED NOT FILE A PROOF OF CLAIM

- (a) any person or entity that has already properly filed a Proof of Claim against a Debtor with Prime Clerk or the Clerk of the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware in a form substantially similar to Official Form 410;
- (b) any person or entity whose claim is listed on a Debtor's Schedule D or E/F, and (i) the claim is not described as "disputed," "contingent," or "unliquidated," (ii) such person or entity agrees with the amount, nature, and priority of the claim set forth in the Schedules, and (iii) such person or entity agrees that the claim is an obligation of the specific Debtor that listed the claim in its Schedules;
- (c) any person or entity whose claim has been allowed by order of the Court entered on or before the applicable Bar Date;
- (d) any person or entity whose claim has been satisfied in full by the Debtors or any other party prior to the applicable Bar Date;
- (e) any holder of a claim for which the Court has already fixed a specific deadline to file a Proof of Claim;
- (f) any affiliate (as defined in section 101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code) of the Debtors for their claims against the Debtors;

- (g) any person or entity that holds or asserts a claim that is limited exclusively to the repayment of principal, interest, and/or other applicable fees and charges (a “Debt Claim”) owed under any bond or note issued by the Debtors pursuant to an indenture (an “Indenture”), to the extent that the relevant Indenture Trustee (as defined below) files a proof of claim authorized by clause (ii) below; *provided however* that (i) the foregoing exclusion in this subparagraph shall not apply to the indenture trustee under the applicable indenture (the “Indenture Trustee”), (ii) each Indenture Trustee shall be authorized to file a single proof of claim against each Debtor, on or before the General Bar Date, (iii) each Indenture Trustee will be permitted, in lieu of attaching voluminous documentation, to file with its proof of claim a summary of the applicable Indenture and other operative documents, on the condition that such documents will be made available by the Indenture Trustee within ten (10) business days after receipt of a written request from a party in interest, and (iv) any holder of a Debt Claim wishing to assert a claim against any or all Debtors, other than a Debt Claim arising out of or relating to an Indenture, shall be required to file a proof of claim with respect to such claim on or before the General Bar Date, unless another exception in this paragraph applies;
- (h) any person or entity that holds or asserts a claim or interest that is limited exclusively to a beneficial interest of the Appvion, Inc. Employee Stock Ownership Trust (the “ESOP Trust”); *provided however* that Argent Trust Company, as trustee, shall be authorized to file a single proof of claim against each Debtor against whom it asserts a claim or interest, on or before the General Bar Date and any holder of a beneficial interest in the ESOP Trust wishing to assert a claim against any or all Debtors other than a beneficial interest in the ESOP Trust shall be required to file a proof of claim with respect to such claim on or before the General Bar Date, unless another exception in this paragraph applies;
- (i) the DIP Secured Parties and Prepetition Secured Parties, as defined in and under the *Final Order (I) Authorizing Debtors To (A) Obtain Post-Petition Financing Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, 362, 364(c)(1), 364(c)(2), 364(c)(3), 364(d)(1) And 364(e), (B) Grant Senior Liens and Superpriority Administrative Expense Status, and (C) Utilize Cash Collateral Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 363; (II) Granting Adequate Protection to Prepetition Secured Parties Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 361, 362, 363 and 364; and (III) Granting Related Relief [D.I. 234]*; and
- (j) any current or former employee of the Debtors whose employment or retiree status is subject to the terms of a collective bargaining agreement currently in effect (and, with respect to benefit claims, any spouse or beneficiary thereof) and is administered by labor unions representing such employees (“CBA Parties”), solely with respect to any prepetition claim based on the payment of wages and compensation and employee medical benefits, insurance benefits, and other benefits authorized to be paid pursuant to the *Final Order (I) Authorizing the Debtors to Pay Certain Prepetition Wages and Compensation and Maintain and*

Continue Employee Benefit Programs in the Ordinary Course and (II) Authorizing Banks to Honor and Process Checks and Transfers Related to Such Employee Obligations [D.I. 218]; *provided, however*, that (a) if the Debtors have provided written notice to such CBA Parties and their union of the Debtors' intention not to pay such claim, the CBA Parties shall have until the later of (i) the General Bar Date and (ii) 30 days from the date of written notice, to submit a proof of claim. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the CBA Parties must submit proof of claims prior to the General Bar Date relating to grievances to the extent the grounds for such grievances arose on or prior to the Petition Date, provided that the labor unions may submit a claim itemizing such grievances on behalf of their respective members.

You should not file a Proof of Claim if you do not have a claim against any of the Debtors. The fact that you have received this Bar Date Notice does not mean that you have a claim or that the Debtors or the Bankruptcy Court believes that you have a claim.

3. WHEN AND WHERE TO FILE A PROOF OF CLAIM

All Proofs of Claim must be sent to Prime Clerk (i) electronically through Prime Clerk's website <https://cases.primeclerk.com/appvion> or (ii) by regular mail, overnight mail, or hand delivery, addressed to **Appvion, Inc. Claims Processing, c/o Prime Clerk, 830 3rd Avenue, 3rd Floor, New York NY 10022;**

Proofs of Claim will be deemed timely filed *only if* they are actually received by Prime Clerk on or before the applicable Bar Date. Proofs of Claim submitted by facsimile or e-mail *will not be accepted*.

4. HOW TO FILE A PROOF OF CLAIM

Enclosed herewith as Exhibit 1 is a Proof of Claim Form, in a form substantially similar to Official Form 410. Additional copies of Official Form 410 may be obtained at <https://cases.primeclerk.com/appvion>.

If you file a Proof of Claim it must be (i) completed on a claim form substantially in the form of the Official Form 410; (ii) signed by the claimant or, if the claimant is not an individual, by an authorized agent of the claimant; (iii) include supporting documentation (if voluminous, attach a summary) or explanation as to why documentation is not available; (iv) be in English language; and (v) be denominated in United States currency. Each Proof of Claim asserting a 503(b)(9) Claim must also: (i) include the value of the goods delivered to and received by the applicable Debtor within twenty (20) days prior to the Petition Date, (ii) attach any documentation identifying the particular invoices corresponding to the asserted 503(b)(9) Claim and delivery address, and (iii) attach documentation evidencing delivery of the goods delivered to and received by the applicable Debtor within twenty (20) days prior to the Petition Date. Any holder of a claim against more than one Debtor must file a separate Proof of Claim against each Debtor and all holders of claims must identify on their Proof of Claim the specific Debtor against which such claim is asserted and the case number of that Debtor's bankruptcy case. The Debtors' names and case numbers are set forth above.

You should attach to your completed Proof of Claim Form copies of any writings upon which your claim is based.

5. CONSEQUENCES OF FAILURE TO FILE A PROOF OF CLAIM BY THE APPLICABLE BAR DATE

Except as described in Section 2 above, as applicable, any holder of a claim against any Debtor who received notice of the Bar Dates (whether such notice was actually or constructively received) and is required, but fails, to file a Proof of Claim in accordance with the Bar Date Order and this Bar Date Notice on or before the applicable Bar Date, (a) shall be forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from asserting such claim against any Debtor, and such Debtor and its property may upon confirmation of a chapter 11 plan with respect thereto, be forever discharged from all indebtedness and liability with respect to such claim, and (b) shall not receive or be entitled to receive any payment or distribution of property from the Debtors or their successors or assigns with respect to such claim.

6. THE DEBTORS' SCHEDULES AND ACCESS THERETO

You may be listed in the Schedules as the holder of a claim against the Debtors. Interested parties may examine copies of the Schedules at <https://cases.primeclerk.com/appvion> (free of charge) or on the Court's electronic docket <http://ecf.deb.uscourts.gov> (a PACER login and password are required and can be obtained through the PACER Service Center at <http://pacer.psc.uscourts.gov>).

If you rely on the Debtors' Schedules, it is your responsibility to determine that your claim is accurately listed in the Schedules. As set forth above, if you agree with the nature, amount, and status of your claim as listed in the Debtors' Schedules, and if you do not dispute that your claim is only against the Debtor specified, and if your claim is not described as "disputed," "contingent," or "unliquidated," you need not file a Proof of Claim. Otherwise, or if you decide to file a Proof of Claim, you must do so before the applicable Bar Date, in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Bar Date Notice.

In the event the Debtors file an amendment (a "Schedules Amendment") to any of their Schedules and such Schedules Amendment (i) reduces the undisputed, noncontingent, and liquidated amount of a claim, (ii) changes the characterization of a claim, or (iii) adds a new claim to the Schedules described as "disputed," "contingent" or "unliquidated," establishing a deadline (the "Amended Schedules Bar Date") for each applicable claimant to file a Proof of Claim with respect to such amended or new claim by the later of (y) the General Bar Date or (z) 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Time) on the date that is twenty-one (21) days after service of a notice on such claimant of the Schedules Amendment), but, in the case of any amendment to the Schedules after the applicable Bar Date where you did not file a proof of claim prior to the applicable Bar Date, only to the extent such proof of claim does not exceed the amount scheduled for such claim before the amendment; provided, however, that you are not entitled to an extension of an undisputed, liquidated, non-contingent claim.

Dated: December 26, 2017
Wilmington, Delaware

Respectfully submitted,

DLA PIPER LLP (US)

/s/ Stuart M. Brown

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Counsel to the Debtors and Debtors in Possession

EXHIBIT 1

Fill in this information to identify the case (Select only one Debtor per claim form):

Appvion, Inc. (17-12082)

Paperweight Development Corp. (17-12083)

PDC Capital Corporation (17-12084)

Appvion Receivables Funding I LLC (17-12085)

APVN Holdings LLC (17-12086)

Appvion Global Netherlands Cooperatief UA (17-12087)

Modified Form 410

Proof of Claim

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Read the instructions before filling out this form. This form is for making a claim for payment in a bankruptcy case. Do not use this form to make a request for payment of an administrative expense, other than a claim entitled to administrative priority pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 503(b)(9). Make such a request according to 11 U.S.C. § 503.

Filers must leave out or redact information that is entitled to privacy on this form or on any attached documents. Attach redacted copies of any documents that support the claim, such as promissory notes, purchase orders, invoices, itemized statements of running accounts, contracts, judgments, mortgages, and security agreements. Do not send original documents; they may be destroyed after scanning. If the documents are not available, explain in an attachment.

A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157, and 3571.

Fill in all the information about the claim as of the date the case was filed. That date is on the notice of bankruptcy (Form 309) that you received.

Part 1: Identify the Claim

1. **Who is the current creditor?**
 Name of the current creditor (the person or entity to be paid for this claim) _____
 Other names the creditor used with the debtor _____

2. **Has this claim been acquired from someone else?**
 No
 Yes. From whom? _____

3. **Where should notices and payments to the creditor be sent?**
 Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (FRBP) 2002(g)

Where should notices to the creditor be sent?	Where should payments to the creditor be sent? (if different)
Contact phone _____	Contact phone _____
Contact email _____	Contact email _____

4. **Does this claim amend one already filed?**
 No
 Yes. Claim number on court claims registry (if known) _____ Filed on MM / DD / YYYY

5. **Do you know if anyone else has filed a proof of claim for this claim?**
 No
 Yes. Who made the earlier filing? _____

Part 2: Give Information About the Claim as of the Date the Case Was Filed

6. Do you have any number you use to identify the debtor? No
 Yes. Last 4 digits of the debtor's account or any number you use to identify the debtor: _____

7. How much is the claim? \$ _____ . Does this amount include interest or other charges?
 No
 Yes. Attach statement itemizing interest, fees, expenses, or other charges required by Bankruptcy Rule 3001(c)(2)(A).

8. What is the basis of the claim? Examples: Goods sold, money loaned, lease, services performed, personal injury or wrongful death, or credit card.
 Attach redacted copies of any documents supporting the claim required by Bankruptcy Rule 3001(c).
 Limit disclosing information that is entitled to privacy, such as health care information.

9. Is all or part of the claim secured? No
 Yes. The claim is secured by a lien on property.

Nature of property:

Real estate. If the claim is secured by the debtor's principal residence, file a *Mortgage Proof of Claim Attachment* (Official Form 410-A) with this *Proof of Claim*.

Motor vehicle

Other. Describe: _____

Basis for perfection: _____

Attach redacted copies of documents, if any, that show evidence of perfection of a security interest (for example, a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, financing statement, or other document that shows the lien has been filed or recorded.)

Value of property: \$ _____

Amount of the claim that is secured: \$ _____

Amount of the claim that is unsecured: \$ _____ (The sum of the secured and unsecured amounts should match the amount in line 7.)

Amount necessary to cure any default as of the date of the petition: \$ _____

Annual Interest Rate (when case was filed) _____ %

Fixed

Variable

10. Is this claim based on a lease? No
 Yes. Amount necessary to cure any default as of the date of the petition. \$ _____

11. Is this claim subject to a right of setoff? No
 Yes. Identify the property: _____

12. Is all or part of the claim entitled to priority under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)? No Yes. Check one:

A claim may be partly priority and partly nonpriority. For example, in some categories, the law limits the amount entitled to priority.

	Amount entitled to priority
<input type="checkbox"/> Domestic support obligations (including alimony and child support) under 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(1)(A) or (a)(1)(B).	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Up to \$2,850* of deposits toward purchase, lease, or rental of property or services for personal, family, or household use. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(7).	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Wages, salaries, or commissions (up to \$12,850*) earned within 180 days before the bankruptcy petition is filed or the debtor's business ends, whichever is earlier. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(4).	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Taxes or penalties owed to governmental units. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(8).	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Contributions to an employee benefit plan. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(5).	\$ _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Other. Specify subsection of 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)() that applies.	\$ _____

* Amounts are subject to adjustment on 4/01/19 and every 3 years after that for cases begun on or after the date of adjustment.

13. Is all or part of the claim entitled to administrative priority pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 503(b)(9)? No Yes. Indicate the amount of your claim arising from the value of any goods received by the Debtor within 20 days before the date of commencement of the above case, in which the goods have been sold to the Debtor in the ordinary course of such Debtor's business. Attach documentation supporting such claim. \$ _____

Part 3: Sign Below

The person completing this proof of claim must sign and date it. FRBP 9011(b).

If you file this claim electronically, FRBP 5005(a)(2) authorizes courts to establish local rules specifying what a signature is.

A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157, and 3571.

Check the appropriate box:

I am the creditor.
 I am the creditor's attorney or authorized agent.
 I am the trustee, or the debtor, or their authorized agent. Bankruptcy Rule 3004.
 I am a guarantor, surety, endorser, or other codebtor. Bankruptcy Rule 3005.

I understand that an authorized signature on this *Proof of Claim* serves as an acknowledgment that when calculating the amount of the claim, the creditor gave the debtor credit for any payments received toward the debt.

I have examined the information in this *Proof of Claim* and have a reasonable belief that the information is true and correct.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on date _____ (mm/dd/yyyy)

Signature

Name of the person who is completing and signing this claim:

Name _____
 First name Middle name Last name

Title _____

Company _____
 Identify the corporate servicer as the company if the authorized agent is a servicer.

Address _____
 Number Street

City State ZIP Code

Contact phone _____ Email _____

Modified Form 410

Instructions for Proof of Claim

United States Bankruptcy Court

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These instructions and definitions generally explain the law. In certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy cases that debtors do not file voluntarily, exceptions to these general rules may apply. You should consider obtaining the advice of an attorney, especially if you are unfamiliar with the bankruptcy process and privacy regulations.

A person who files a fraudulent claim could be fined up to \$500,000, imprisoned for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 157 and 3571.

How to fill out this form

- Fill in all of the information about the claim as of the date the case was filed.
- Fill in the caption at the top of the form.
- If the claim has been acquired from someone else, then state the identity of the last party who owned the claim or was the holder of the claim and who transferred it to you before the initial claim was filed.
- Attach any supporting documents to this form. Attach redacted copies of any documents that show that the debt exists, a lien secures the debt, or both. (See the definition of *redaction* on the next page.)
Also attach redacted copies of any documents that show perfection of any security interest or any assignments or transfers of the debt. In addition to the documents, a summary may be added. Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (called "Bankruptcy Rule") 3001(c) and (d).
- Do not attach original documents because attachments may be destroyed after scanning.
- If the claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, do not disclose confidential health care information. Leave out or redact confidential information both in the claim and in the attached documents.

- A *Proof of Claim* form and any attached documents must show only the last 4 digits of any social security number, individual's tax identification number, or financial account number, and only the year of any person's date of birth. See Bankruptcy Rule 9037.
- For a minor child, fill in only the child's initials and the full name and address of the child's parent or guardian. For example, write *A.B., a minor child (John Doe, parent, 123 Main St., City, State)*. See Bankruptcy Rule 9037.

Confirmation that the claim has been filed

To receive confirmation that the claim has been filed, enclose a stamped self-addressed envelope and a copy of this form. You may view a list of filed claims in this case by visiting the Claims and Noticing Agent's website at <http://cases.primeclerk.com/appvion>.

Understand the terms used in this form

Administrative expense: Generally, an expense that arises after a bankruptcy case is filed in connection with operating, liquidating, or distributing the bankruptcy estate. 11 U.S.C. § 503.

Claim: A creditor's right to receive payment for a debt that the debtor owed on the date the debtor filed for bankruptcy. 11 U.S.C. §101 (5). A claim may be secured or unsecured.

Claim Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §503(b)(9): A claim arising from the value of any goods received by the Debtor within 20 days before the date of commencement of the above case, in which the goods have been sold to the Debtor in the ordinary course of the Debtor's business. Attach documentation supporting such claim.

Creditor: A person, corporation, or other entity to whom a debtor owes a debt that was incurred on or before the date the debtor filed for bankruptcy. 11 U.S.C. §101 (10).

Debtor: A person, corporation, or other entity who is in bankruptcy. Use the debtor's name and case number as shown in the bankruptcy notice you received. 11 U.S.C. § 101 (13).

Evidence of perfection: Evidence of perfection of a security interest may include documents showing that a security interest has been filed or recorded, such as a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, or financing statement.

Information that is entitled to privacy: A *Proof of Claim* form and any attached documents must show only the last 4 digits of any social security number, an individual's tax identification number, or a financial account number, only the initials of a minor's name, and only the year of any person's date of birth. If a claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, limit the disclosure of the goods or services to avoid embarrassment or disclosure of confidential health care information. You may later be required to give more information if the trustee or someone else in interest objects to the claim.

Priority claim: A claim within a category of unsecured claims that is entitled to priority under 11 U.S.C. §507(a). These claims are paid from the available money or property in a bankruptcy case before other unsecured claims are paid. Common priority unsecured claims include alimony, child support, taxes, and certain unpaid wages.

Proof of claim: A form that shows the amount of debt the debtor owed to a creditor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. The form must be filed in the district where the case is pending.

Redaction of information: Masking, editing out, or deleting certain information to protect privacy. Filers must redact or leave out information entitled to **privacy** on the *Proof of Claim* form and any attached documents.

Secured claim under 11 U.S.C. §506(a): A claim backed by a lien on particular property of the debtor. A claim is secured to the extent that a creditor has the right to be paid from the property before other creditors are paid. The amount of a secured claim usually cannot be more than the value of the particular property on which the creditor has a lien. Any amount owed to a creditor that is more than the value of the property normally may be an unsecured claim. But exceptions exist; for example, see 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b) and the final sentence of 1325(a).

Examples of liens on property include a mortgage on real estate or a security interest in a car. A lien may be voluntarily granted by a debtor or may be obtained through a court proceeding. In some states, a court judgment may be a lien.

Setoff: Occurs when a creditor pays itself with money belonging to the debtor that it is holding, or by canceling a debt it owes to the debtor.

Unsecured claim: A claim that does not meet the requirements of a secured claim. A claim may be unsecured in part to the extent that the amount of the claim is more than the value of the property on which a creditor has a lien.

Offers to purchase a claim

Certain entities purchase claims for an amount that is less than the face value of the claims. These entities may contact creditors offering to purchase their claims. Some written communications from these entities may easily be confused with official court documentation or communications from the debtor. These entities do not represent the bankruptcy court, the bankruptcy trustee, or the debtor. A creditor has no obligation to sell its claim. However, if a creditor decides to sell its claim, any transfer of that claim is subject to Bankruptcy Rule 3001(e), any provisions of the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.) that apply, and any orders of the bankruptcy court that apply.

Please send completed Proof(s) of Claim to:

Appvion, Inc. Claims Processing Center
c/o Prime Clerk LLC
830 3rd Avenue, 3rd Floor
New York, NY 10022

Do not file these instructions with your form